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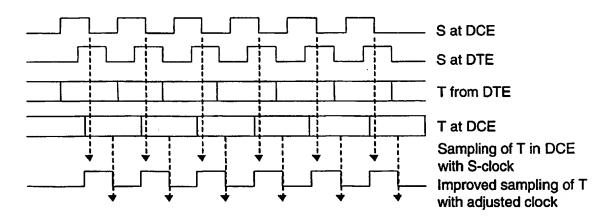
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(54) Title: METHOD RELATED TO CLOCK DELAY COMPENSATION

X.21 Interface (clock and data)



(57) Abstract

The present invention concerns a method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE), the data signals having an arbitrarily delay through the cable in question, and the DCE comprising a detecting clock, and for the purpose of avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions, this problem is overcome by using the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling, for thereby ensuring that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol (data cell).

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METHOD RELATED TO CLOCK DELAY COMPENSATION

Field of the invention

- The present invention concerns a method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE).
- 10 The present invention also relates to data transmission interfaces.

More particularly, the present invention relates to a method as stated in the preamble of the enclosed patent claim 1.

Background of the invention

THE PROBLEM AREA

- For connection and data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE) there are standardised several interfaces. These interfaces define data and clocking as well as control lines. Typical interfaces mentioned are RS232 (V.24),
- 25 V.35, V.36 and X.21. The electrical interfaces for the interface are defined in V.10, V.11 and V.28.

Basically, these interfaces were defined according to ITU rec. X21 which limits the bitrate to 64 kbit/s.

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With use of the electrical interfaces V.11 ranges of several hundreds of meters of cable can be used. The interface V.35, V.36 and X.21 define this electrical interface for clock and date.

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In connection with the use of this interface for bitrates higher than 64 kbit/s, by now up to 2 Mbit/s one problem has arised, caused by the pulse delay on a long cable becoming comparable with the period of the clock.

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In the case of a codirectional interface, that is clock and data have the same source, the delay is not a problem, but in the case where a contradirectional interface is used, like the X.21 interface or use of DCE-clock (114) on V.35/V.36, there will be a problem of detecting the data signal with the DCE-clock. This because the data signals have an arbitrarily unknown delay through the cable.

15 KNOWN SOLUTION

To overcome this problem, the DCEs are equipped with a manual option of changing the phase of the detecting clock, thus avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions. An extra not standardised X-circuit on the X.21 interface is also used.

PROBLEMS WITH KNOWN SOLUTIONS

Problems with known solutions are that the cable delay is unknown and the manual selection of inverted or not inverted clock is done on the respective site installation by trial. The X-circuit is not standardised and is by customers not recommended.

Further prior art

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US 5 568 526 (Ferraiolo et al.) relates to a self-timed interface (STI) in which a clock signal clocks bit serial data onto a parallel, electrically conductive bus and the clock signal is transmitted on a separate line of the bus. The received data on each line of the bus is indi-

vidually phase aligned with the clock signal. The re-

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ceived clock signal is used to define boundary edges of a data bit cell individually for each line, and the data on each line of the bus is individually phase adjusted so that, for example, a data transition position is in the centre of the cell. Data are read into a buffer storage with the received clock and are read out with an internal clock in the interface.

EP 0 602 898-Al (Kawada/Fujitsu Limited) relates to a method and apparatus for synchronising transmission of modem. The phase difference between internal and external data/clock signals are equalised, by controlling the internal timing signal so that the measured phase difference will approach a reference phase difference.

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EP 0 603 600-A3 (Klimek et al./Siemens Rolm Communications Inc.) relates to path delay compensation in an open-loop system, the signal paths being compensated by internal clocks in the units of the system. The compensation is based on a synchronising signal.

US 4 916 717 (Sackman, III et al.) relates to clock synchronisation of a master clock following data messages received from a remote data transmitter having the same clock frequency, but which is phase shifted due to delays in the signal paths.

Further publications related to this technical field are NO patent applications 924247 (Coquerel/Institut Français du Pétrole), 942171 (Hedberg/Ericsson), 961421 (Buhrgard/Ericsson) and 961454 (Buhrgard/Ericsson).

Objects of the invention

35 A main object of the present invention is to suggest a solution which automatically compensates for the cable

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delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.

Another object of the present invention is to present a method wherein existing equipment is utilised in a far more expedite manner.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide a method by which time delay compensation is independent of the length of the transmission cable.

Brief summary of the invention

The above objects are achieved by a method as stated in the preamble, which according to the present invention is characterised by the features as stated in the characterising clause of the enclosed patent claim 1.

More specifically the present invention suggests to use the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

Further features and advantages of the present invention
25 will appear from the following detailed description of
embodiments, taken in conjunction with the enclosed drawings, as well as from the appending patent claims.

Disclosure of the drawings

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- Fig. 1 is a schematical diagram illustrated an example of a data transmission with related interfaces, wherein an embodiment of the present invention can be implemented.
- 35 Fig. 2 illustrates time diagrams related to transmitted data, signal element timing and received data, all in ac-

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cordance with an appropriate embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed description of embodiments

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With reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 there will now in the following be described an example of how the method according to the present invention may be implemented.

- 10 As stated previously, the invention relates to a method which automatically compensates for the cable delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.
- The method uses the transition on the transmitted data (T-circuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

The transmit data on the DCE-interface is delivered from the DTE with reference to the S-circuit (signal element timing) but with the mentioned cable delay. By clocking the data of the T-circuit into a buffer with the variable phase clock and clocking out with reference to the S-clock, error free operation is secured independent of delay.

ADVANTAGES

The described invention makes it possible to use the X.21 interface for high bit-rates on long cables. Installation work and operational uncertainties are eliminated and standard X.21 can be used.

BROADENING

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The principle can be used for any synchronous interface with contra-directional timing.

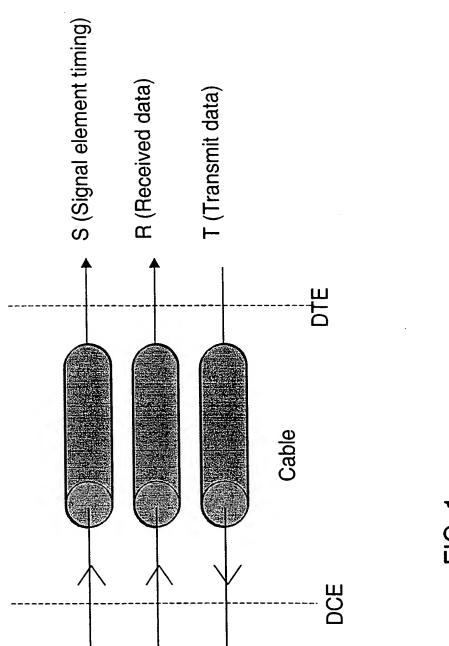
Patent claims

- Method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE), the data signals having an arbitrarily delay through the cable in question, and the DCE comprising a detecting clock,
- characterised by using the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling, for thereby ensuring that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol (data cell).
- 2. Method as claimed in claim 1, c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n that the transmit data on the DCE-interface is delivered from the DTE with reference to the signal element timing circuit (S-circuit) but including the cable delay.

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3. Method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n that the transmitted data (T) of the T-circuit are clocked into a buffer with the variable phase clock, and are clocked out with reference to said signal element timing clock (S-clock).



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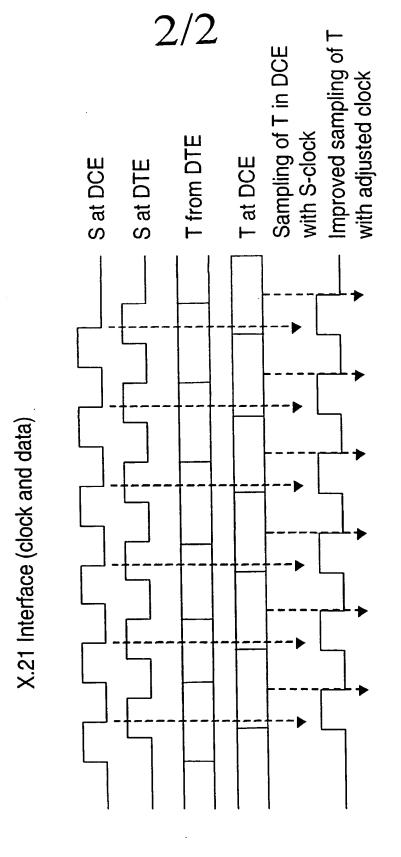


FIG. 2



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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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JGS/BF/			FOR FORTHER AC	HON	Preliminary	Examination Report (Form	PCT/IPEA/416)
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VI		Certain documents cit	ed				
VII	\boxtimes	Certain defects in the in	nternational application				
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/NO99/00160

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1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.): Description, pages: as received on 29/06/2000 with letter of 20/06/2000 1-6 Claims, No.: 20/06/2000 29/06/2000 with letter of as received on 1,2 Drawings, sheets: 20/06/2000 29/06/2000 with letter of 1/2,2/2 as received on 2. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: ☐ the description, pages: Nos.: ☐ the claims, sheets: ☐ the drawings, 3. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

4. Additional observations, if necessary:



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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1,2

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

Claims

No:

Claims 1,2

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: No: Claims 1,2 Claims

- - -

see separate sheet

2. Citations and explanations

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Documents cited

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US 5115455 A

D2: US 5566215 A

D3: US 5568526 A

D4: EP 0603600 A2

D5: EP 0602898 A1

D6: US 5245637 A -

D7: US 4916717 A

V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Because of the serious clarity issues (see section VIII) of independent claim 1 its 1. disclosure can be read into document D2.

Document D2, indeed, discloses a method for a clock delay compensation. The method uses a series of samples taken from a coded signal (a contradirectional signal) in order to correct the phase of a local clock (DCE clock) (column 2, lines 24-40 and abstract).

Document D2, however, differs from the method of claim 1 in that it does not explicitly disclose several details that are included in the subject-matter of claim 1. In particular document D2 does not explicitly mention any counter, any DCE and any DTE, that the signal transitions are used as reference for the resetting, that the data is always sampled in the middle of the symbols and that the delay is introduced by the cable.

However, although the seceral differences, none of them can be regarded as providing any special feature able to add an inventive step to the method of claim 1.

These differences are merely details and their inclusion in the method of document D2 would be self-evident for a person skilled in the art on the basis of his common general knowledge.

The essence of the method disclosed by document D2, a compensation of a delay using a contra-directional signal, is exactley the same disclosed by claim 1.

Thus, the subject-matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step and claim 1 does not satisfy the criteria set forth in Article 33(1) and 33(3) PCT.

- Dependent claim 2 do not seem to contain any feature which, in combination with 2. the features of claim 1 on which it is dependent, would lead to a claim involving inventive activity (Article 33(3) of the PCT). The subject-matter of claim 2 is indeed derivable from document D3 on column 2,
 - lines 31-38.
- The Applicant is of the opinion that document D2 differs from the method of claim 3. 1 in that the method of document D2 is limited to a number of bits whereas his method can handle any delay. However this difference cannot be found in the formulation of any filed claim.

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The opportunity should have been also taken to correct a clerical error in the 1. application: in claim 1 "data samling" should read "data sampling".

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

- It is clear from the description on pages 1 and 2 that the following feature is 1. essential to the definition of the invention:
 - X.21 interface

Since independent claim 1 does not contain this feature it does not meet the

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/NO99/00160 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

requirement following from Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.

- 2. The followings expressions used in claim 1 are vague and unclear and leave the reader in doubt as to the meaning of the technical features to which they refer, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claim unclear (Article 6 PCT).

 - it is not clear what this element is: a means or a signal, or a clock reference or something else?
 - b) "counter which controls the data sampling at the DCE with a signal element clock, a variable phase and a buffer";
 - it is not clear if the signal element clock, the variable phase and the buffer belong to the DCE or to the DTE.
 - c) "transmitted data signals are delivered from the DTE <u>with reference</u> to the signal element clock signals";
 - it is not clear if the transmitted data signals refer to some generic data transmitted by the DTE or to a specific data signals used as a reference to resetting the counter.

METHOD RELATED TO CLOCK DELAY COMPENSATION

Field of the invention

The present invention concerns a method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE).

The present invention also relates to data transmission interfaces.

More particularly, the present invention relates to a method as stated in the preamble of the enclosed patent claim 1.

Background of the invention

THE PROBLEM AREA

For connection and data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE) there are standardised several interfaces. These interfaces define data and clocking as well as control lines. Typical interfaces mentioned are RS232 (V.24), V.35, V.36 and X.21. The electrical interfaces for the interface are defined in V.10, V.11 and V.28.

Basically, these interfaces were defined according to ITU rec. X21 which limits the bitrate to 64 kbit/s.

With use of the electrical interfaces V.11 ranges of several hundreds of meters of cable can be used. The interface for clock and X.21 define this electrical interface for clock and date.

In connection with the use of this interface for bitrates higher than 64 kbit/s, by now up to 2 Mbit/s one problem

has arised, caused by the pulse delay on a long cable becoming comparable with the period of the clock.

In the case of a codirectional interface, that is clock and data have the same source, the delay is not a problem, but in the case where a contradirectional interface is used, like the X.21 interface or use of DCE-clock (114) on V.35/V.36, there will be a problem of detecting the data signal with the DCE-clock. This because the data signals have an arbitrarily unknown delay through the cable.

KNOWN SOLUTION

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To overcome this problem, the DCEs are equipped with a manual option of changing the phase of the detecting clock, thus avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions. An extra not standardised X-circuit on the X.21 interface is also used.

PROBLEMS WITH KNOWN SOLUTIONS

Problems with known solutions are that the cable delay is unknown and the manual selection of inverted or not inverted clock is done on the respective site installation by trial. The X-circuit is not standardised and is by customers not recommended.

Further prior art

US 5 568 526 (Ferraiolo et al.) relates to a self-timed

25 interface (STI) in which a clock signal clocks bit serial
data onto a parallel, electrically conductive bus and the
clock signal is transmitted on a separate line of the
bus. The received data on each line of the bus is individually phase aligned with the clock signal. The re
26 ceived clock signal is used to define boundary edges of a
data bit cell individually for each line, and the data on

each line of the bus is individually phase adjusted so that, for example, a data transition position is in the centre of the cell. Data are read into a buffer storage with the received clock and are read out with an internal clock in the interface.

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EP 0 602 898-A1 (Kawada/Fujitsu Limited) relates to a method and apparatus for synchronising transmission of modem. The phase difference between internal and external data/clock signals are equalised, by controlling the internal timing signal so that the measured phase difference will approach a reference phase difference.

EP 0 603 600-A3 (Klimek et al./Siemens Rolm Communications Inc.) relates to path delay compensation in an open-loop system, the signal paths being compensated by internal clocks in the units of the system. The compensation is based on a synchronising signal.

US 4 916 717 (Sackman, III et al.) relates to clock synchronisation of a master clock following data messages received from a remote data transmitter having the same clock frequency, but which is phase shifted due to delays in the signal paths.

Further publications related to this technical field are NO patent applications 924247 (Coquerel/Institut Français du Pétrole), 942171 (Hedberg/Ericsson), 961421 (Buhrgard/Ericsson) and 961454 (Buhrgard/Ericsson).

US 5 115 455 describes a method for stabilized data transmission. This invention only solves delay problems with clock and data signals in the same direction (DCE-DTE). It is not a general solution on the 103/T (X.21 terminology) detection problem which includes detection in a contra-directional interface.

US 5 566 215 describes a method for restoring a clock signal by punctuating the transmission of the received signals. This is a known technology in signal detection. It depends on analysing a number of samples before resynchronizing, and is therefore said not to be instantaneous.

Objects of the invention

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A main object of the present invention is to suggest a solution which automatically compensates for the cable delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.

Another object of the present invention is to present a method wherein existing equipment is utilised in a far more expedite manner.

15 Still another object of the present invention is to provide a method by which time delay compensation is independent of the length of the transmission cable.

Brief summary of the invention

The above objects are achieved by a method as stated in the preamble, which according to the present invention is characterised by the features as stated in the characterising clause of the enclosed patent claim 1.

More specifically the present invention suggests to use the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

Further features and advantages of the present invention will appear from the following detailed description of embodiments, taken in conjunction with the enclosed drawings, as well as from the appending patent claims.

As for the feature characteristics of the invention, reference is made to the claims.

Disclosure of the drawings

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Fig. 1 is a schematical diagram illustrated an example of a data transmission with related interfaces, wherein an embodiment of the present invention can be implemented.

Fig. 2 illustrates time diagrams related to transmitted data, signal element timing and received data, all in accordance with an appropriate embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed description of embodiments

With reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 there will now in the following be described an example of how the method according to the present invention may be implemented.

- As stated previously, the invention relates to a method which automatically compensates for the cable delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.
- The method uses the transition on the transmitted data

 (T-circuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

The transmit data on the DCE-interface is delivered from the DTE with reference to the S-circuit (signal element timing) but with the mentioned cable delay. By clocking the data of the T-circuit into a buffer with the variable phase clock and clocking out with reference to the S-clock, error free operation is secured independent of delay.

ADVANTAGES

The described invention makes it possible to use the X.21 interface for high bit-rates on long cables. Installation work and operational uncertainties are eliminated and standard X.21 can be used.

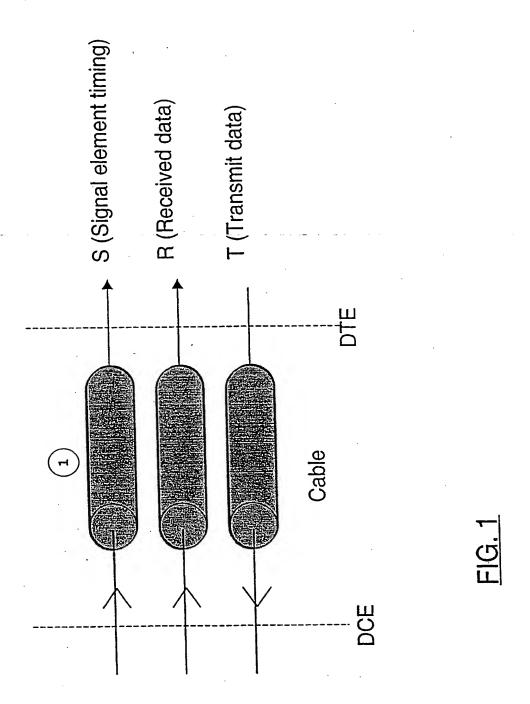
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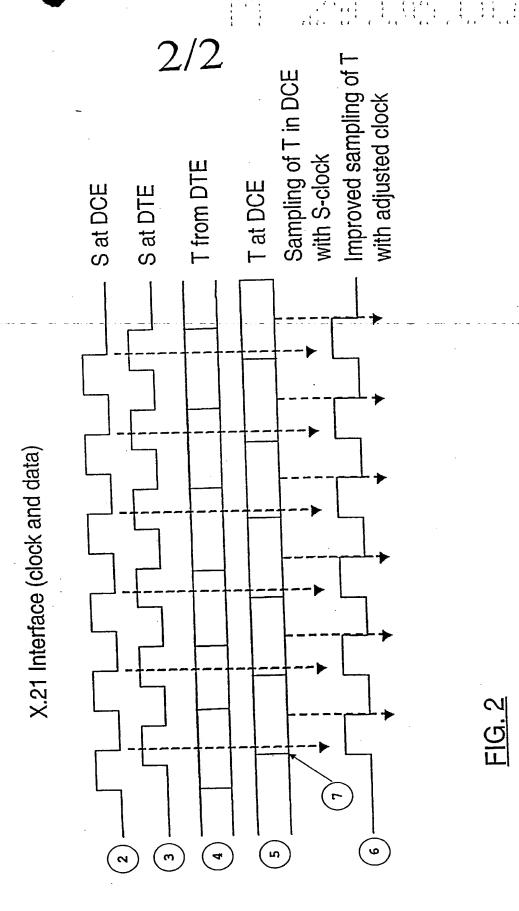
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The principle can be used for any synchronous interface with contra-directional timing.

Patent claims (amended 20.06.00)

- Method for compensating a cable delay in transmitted data signals (5) which are sent through a cable (1) connecting data communication equipment (DCE) to data trans-5 mission equipment (DTE), the DCE including a counter which controls the data samling at the DCE with a signal element clock, a variable phase clock and a buffer, characterized in that the transmitted data signals (4) are delivered from the DTE with reference to 10 the signal element clock signals including cable delay (3), and that the transitions (7) in the transmitted signal (5) on the DCE from the DTE, also including the cable delay, is used as a reference for resetting said counter for thereby ensuring that data always is sampled in the 15 middle of the symbols of the transmitted signals (5) at the DCE.
- Method as defined in claim 1,
 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the transmitted signals (4) in the DTE are clocked into said buffer with said variable phase clock, and are clocked out with reference to said signal element clock signals including cable delay (3).





AMENDED SHEET

International application No.

PCT/NO 99/00160

	[]	PCT/NO 99/0	0160
C (Continu	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the releva	nt passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 0603600 A2 (ROLM COMPANY), 29 June 1994 (29.06.94), column 1, line 25 - line 32, column 1-12, abstract	claims	1-3
·A	EP 0602898 A1 (FUJITSU LIMITED), 22 June 1994 (22.06.94), claims 1-13, abstract		1-3
A	 US 5245637 A (JOHN E. GERSBACH), 14 Sept 1993 (14.09.93), column 2, line 44 - column 4, abstract	line 8,	1-3
A	 US 4916717 A (EDWARD J. SACKMAN, III ET AL), 10 April 1990 (10.04.90), abstract		1-3
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	q		

International application No.

PCT/NO 99/00160

CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: H04L 7/033

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: H04L

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, EDOC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5115455 A (WILLIAM A. SAMARAS ET AL), 19 May 1992 (19.05.92), column 2, line 13 - column 3, line 13, claims 1-12, abstract	1-3
		
X	US 5566215 A (PATRICK COQUEREL), 15 October 1996 (15.10.96), column 1, line 51 - column 2, line 67, claims 1-25, abstract	1-3
		·
A	US 5568526 A (FRANK D. FERRAIOLO ET AL), 22 October 1996 (22.10.96), column 1, line 59 - column 2, line 38; column 4, line 13 - column 6, line 16, abstract	1-3
		

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand Special categories of cited documents: document defining the general state of the art which is not considered the principle or theory underlying the invention to be of particular relevance erlier document but published on or after the international filing date document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is step when the document is taken alone cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an intentive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other being obvious to a person stilled in the art document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report

18-11-1999

<u>11 November 1999</u>

Name and mailing address of the ISA/

Authorized officer

Information on patent family members

28/09/99

International application No.

PCT/NO 99/00160

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date		
US	5115455	A	19/05/92	NON	E		
US	5566215	A	15/10/96	CA DE EP FR NO	2082288 69226331 0541431 2683411 305340	D,T A,B A,B	07/05/93 03/12/98 12/05/93 07/05/93 10/05/99
US	5568526	Α	22/10/96	CA EP JP US	2150744 0687982 8044667 5832047	A A	18/12/95 20/12/95 16/02/96 03/11/98
EP	0603600	A2	29/06/94	US	5701334	A	23/12/97
EP	0602898	A1	22/06/94	DE JP JP US	69325245 2871364 6188868 5648993	B A	00/00/00 17/03/99 08/07/94 15/07/97
US	5245637	Α	14/09/93	NON	E		
US	4916717	Α	10/04/90	NON	E		

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: H04L 7/033

A3

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 99/62219

(43) International Publication Date:

2 December 1999 (02.12.99)

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PCT/NO99/00160

(22) International Filing Date:

20 May 1999 (20.05.99)

(30) Priority Data:

19982361

25 May 1998 (25.05.98)

NO

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): TELEFONAK-TIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON [SE/SE]; S-126 25 Stockholm (SE).

(72) Inventor; and

- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): SCHUMANN-OLSEN. Reidar [NO/NO]; Nøtteknekkeren 14, N-3400 Lier (NO).
- (74) Agent: OSLO PATENTKONTOR AS; Postboks 7007 M. N-0306 Oslo (NO).

(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AT (Utility model), AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, CZ (Utility model), DE, DE (Utility model), DK, DK (Utility model), EE, EE (Utility model), ES, FI, FI (Utility model), GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK (Utility model), SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

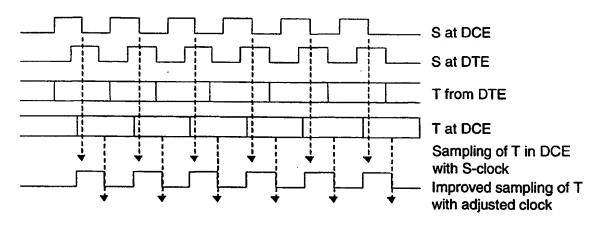
Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:

13 January 2000 (13.01.00)

(54) Title: METHOD RELATED TO CLOCK DELAY COMPENSATION

X.21 Interface (clock and data)



(57) Abstract

The present invention concerns a method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE), the data signals having an arbitrarily delay through the cable in question, and the DCE comprising a detecting clock, and for the purpose of avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions, this problem is overcome by using the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling, for thereby ensuring that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol (data cell).

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International application No.

PCT/NO 99/00160

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: H04L 7/033

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: H04L

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, EDOC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Gtation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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X	US 5566215 A (PATRICK COQUEREL), 15 October 1996 (15.10.96), column 1, line 51 - column 2, line 67, claims 1-25, abstract	1-3
		
A	US 5568526 A (FRANK D. FERRAIOLO ET AL), 22 October 1996 (22.10.96), column 1, line 59 - column 2, line 38; column 4, line 13 - column 6, line 16, abstract	1-3
		

X	Further	documents	are	listed	in	the	continuation	of	Box	C.
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χ See patent family annex.

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- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
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18-11-1999

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

<u>11 November 1999</u>

Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM

Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

Authorized officer

Johanna Lindqvist/mj Telephone No. + 46 8 782 25 00

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

International application No. PCT/NO 99/00160

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. Α EP 0603600 A2 (ROLM COMPANY), 29 June 1994 1-3 (29.06.94), column 1, line 25 - line 32, claims 1-12, abstract Α EP 0602898 A1 (FUJITSU LIMITED), 22 June 1994 1-3 (22.06.94), claims 1-13, abstract Α US 5245637 A (JOHN E. GERSBACH), 14 Sept 1993 1-3 (14.09.93), column 2, line 44 - column 4, line 8, abstract US 4916717 A (EDWARD J. SACKMAN, III ET AL), Α 1-3 10 April 1990 (10.04.90), abstract

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)

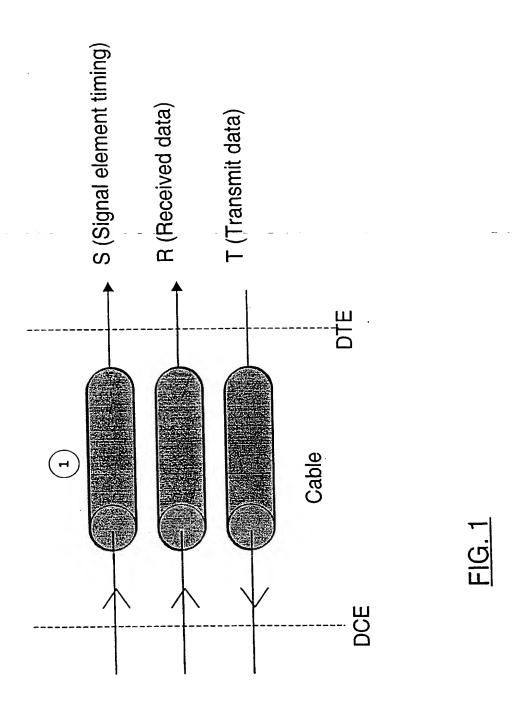
Information on patent family members

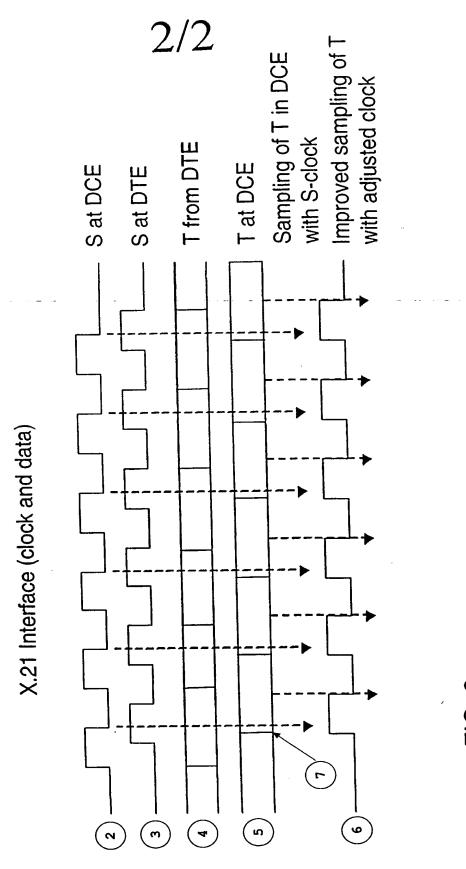
International application No.

28/09/99

PCT/NO 99/00160

Patent document cited in search report			Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
US	5115455	A	19/05/92	NON	E		
JS	5566215	A	15/10/96	CA DE	2082288 69226331	D,T	07/05/93 03/12/98
				EP FR NO	0541431 2683411 305340	A,B	12/05/93 07/05/93 10/05/99
JS	5568526	Α	22/10/96	CA EP JP US	2150744 0687982 8044667 5832047	A A	18/12/95 20/12/95 16/02/96 03/11/98
EP	0603600	A2	29/06/94	US	5701334	Α	23/12/97
EP	0602898	A1	22/06/94	DE JP JP US	69325245 2871364 6188868 5648993	B A	00/00/00 17/03/99 08/07/94 15/07/97
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BIRS VOM DS \$

TO COMPANY

FIG. 2

PCT •

REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

PCT/NO 9 9 / 0 0 1 6 0

International Application No.

20 MAI 1999

20, 05,99

PATENTSTYRET

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PCT International applications

International Filing Date

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference JGS/BF/133227 (if desired) (12 characters maximum) TITLE OF INVENTION Box No. I Method related to clock delay compensation Box No. II APPLICANT Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State This person is also inventor. of residence is indicated below.) Telephone No Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson +46 8 719 00 00 Facsimile No. +46 8 719 30 91 S-126 25 STOCKHOLM, Sweden Teleprinter No. State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: SE SE This person is applicant all designated all designated States except the United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box States for the purposes of: the United States of America of America only Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State This person is: of residence is indicated below.) applicant only SCHUMANN-OLSEN, Reidar Nøtteknekkeren 14 applicant and inventor N-3400 LIER, Norway inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: NO This person is applicant all designated all designated States except the United States of America the United States the States indicated in for the purposes of: States of America only the Supplemental Box Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf agent common representative of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) Telephone No. Oslo Patentkontor AS +47 22 44 38 67 Postboks 7007 M Facsimile No. +47 22 55 30 88 N-0306 Oslo, Norway Teleprinter No.

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R		Designation Statements In addition to the design	ation	s mad	e above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all other			

designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

• •	Si	heet No	. ~ III4 A A	100160
Box No. VI PRIORITY CLAI	ÍM .	Further price	rity claims dicated	in the Supplemental Box.
Filing date of earlier application	Number of earlier application		Where earlier application	on is:
(day/month/year)		national application: country	regional application:* regional Office	international application: receiving Office
item (1)				
(25.05.98) 25 May 1998	19982361	Norway		Monuov
item (2)	19902301	INDIWay		Norway
item (3)				
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* Where the earlier application is an A Convention for the Protection of Indust	ARIPO application, it is m	andatory to indicate in the S	Supplemental Box at least of	ne country party to the Paris
Box No. VII INTERNATIONA	trial Property for which the L. SEARCHING AUT	tat earlier application was fi	led (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)). See	Supplemental Box.
Choice of International Searching			diameter and a second	to that search (if an earlier
(if two or more International Searchic competent to carry out the internation	ng Authorities are sear	ch has been carried out by o	r requested from the Intern	o that search (if an earlier attornal Searching Authority):
the Authority chosen; the two-letter co	de may be used): Date	(day/month/year)	Number	Country (or regional Office)
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description (excluding 5		igned power of attorney		
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Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract:	Lar inte	nguage of filing of the mational application:	English	
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Next to each signature, indicate the name of	f the person signing and the	capacity in which the person si	gns (if such capacity is not ob	vious from reading the request).
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4. Date of timely receipt of the requestrections under PCT Article 1	uired 1(2):			not received:
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Form PCT/RO/101 (last sheet) (July	1998; reprint January	1999)	Se	e Notes to the request form



PCT

NOTICE INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE COMMUNICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION TO THE DESIGNATED OFFICES

(PCT Rule 47.1(c), first sentence)

OSLO PATENTKONTOR AS
Postboks 7007 M
N-0306 Oslo
NORVÈGE

Nr.
Mottatt
1 0 DES. 1999

Går til:

IMPORTANT NOTICE

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

02 December 1999 (02.12.99)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

JGS/BF/133227

International application No. PCT/NO99/00160

International filing date (day/month/year)

20 May 1999 (20.05.99)

Priority date (day/month/year)
25 May 1998 (25.05.98)

Applicant

TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON et al

1. Notice is hereby given that the International Bureau has communicated, as provided in Article 20, the international application to the following designated Offices on the date indicated above as the date of mailing of this Notice:

AU,CN,EP,IL,JP,KP,KR,US

In accordance with Rule 47.1(c), third sentence, those Offices will accept the present Notice as conclusive evidence that the communication of the international application has duly taken place on the date of mailing indicated above and no copy of the international application is required to be furnished by the applicant to the designated Office(s).

2. The following designated Offices have waived the requirement for such a communication at this time:

SD,SE,SG,SI,SK,SL,TJ,TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,VN,YU,ZA,ZW The communication will be made to those Offices only upon their request. Furthermore, those Offices do not require the applicant to furnish a copy of the international application (Rule 49.1(a-bis)).

3. Enclosed with this Notice is a copy of the international application as published by the International Bureau on 02 December 1999 (02.12.99) under No. WO 99/62219

REMINDER REGARDING CHAPTER II (Article 31(2)(a) and Rule 54.2)

If the applicant wishes to postpone entry into the national phase until 30 months (or later in some Offices) from the priority date, a demand for international preliminary examination must be filed with the competent International Preliminary Examining Authority before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date.

It is the applicant's sole responsibility to monitor the 19-month time limit.

Note that only an applicant who is a national or resident of a PCT Contracting State which is bound by Chapter II has the right to file a demand for international preliminary examination.

REMINDER REGARDING ENTRY INTO THE NATIONAL PHASE (Article 22 or 39(1))

If the applicant wishes to proceed with the international application in the national phase, he must, within 20 months or 30 months, or later in some Offices, perform the acts referred to therein before each designated or elected Office.

For further important information on the time limits and acts to be performed for entering the national phase, see the Annex to Form PCT/IB/301 (Notification of Receipt of Record Copy) and Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland **Authorized officer**

J. Zahra

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35



NOTICE INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE COMMUNICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION TO THE DESIGNATED OFFICES

te of mailing (day/mont) 02 December 1999			IMPORTANT NOTICE				
oplicant's or agent's file i JGS/BF/133227	reference		International application				
The applicant is hereby notified that, at the time of estamendments under Article 19 has not yet expired and the declaration that the applicant does not wish to make ame		pired and the Intern	ablishment of this Notice, the time limit under Rule 46.1 for ma International Bureau had received neither such amendments indiments.				
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To:	
OSLO PATENTI	CONTARIAS
Postboks 7007	A Secretary of the Control of the Co
N-0306 Oslo NORVÈGE	Mottatt
NORVEGE	2 9 5 22. 2000
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0.00	esting benefit passes.
	Gartill Assessment on the Action of the Control

PCT

INFORMATION CONCERNING ELECTED
OFFICES NOTIFIED OF THEIR ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.3)

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

14 February 2000 (14.02.00)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

JGS/BF/133227

International application No.
PCT/NO99/00160

International filing date (day/month/year)
20 May 1999 (20.05.99)

Priority date (day/month/year) 25 May 1998 (25.05.98)

Applicant

TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON et al

1. The applicant is hereby informed that the International Bureau has, according to Article 31(7), notified each of the following Offices of its election:

AP :GH,GM,KE,LS,MW,SD,SL,SZ,UG,ZW

EP:AT,BE,CH,CY,DE,DK,ES,FI,FR,GB,GR,IE,IT,LU,MC,NL,PT,SE

National :AU,BG,BR,CA,CN,CZ,DE,IL,JP,KP,KR,MN,NO,NZ,PL,RO,RU,SE,SK,US

2. The following Offices have waived the requirement for the notification of their election; the notification will be sent to them by the International Bureau only upon their request:

EA:AM,AZ,BY,KG,KZ,MD,RU,TJ,TM

OA:BF,BJ,CF,CG,CI,CM,GA,GN,GW,ML,MR,NE,SN,TD,TG

National :AE,AL,AM,AT,AZ,BA,BB,BY,CH,CU,DK,EE,ES,FI,GB,GD,GE,GH,GM,HR,HU,

ID,IN,IS,KE,KG,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU;LV,MD,MG,MK,MW,MX,PT,SD,SG,SI,SL,TJ,

TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,VN,YU,ZA,ZW

3. The applicant is reminded that he must enter the "national phase" before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date before each of the Offices listed above. This must be done by paying the national fee(s) and furnishing, if prescribed, a translation of the international application (Article 39(1)(a)), as well as, where applicable, by furnishing a translation of any annexes of the international preliminary examination report (Article 36(3)(b) and Rule 74.1).

Some offices have fixed time limits expiring later than the above-mentioned time limit. For detailed information about the applicable time limits and the acts to be performed upon entry into the national phase before a particular Office, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The entry into the European regional phase is postponed until 31 months from the priority date for all States designated for the purposes of obtaining a European patent.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer:

R. E. Stoff

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.882

The demand must be filed directly with the competent International Preliminary Examining Authority or, if two or more Authorities are competent, with the one chosen by the applicant on the line below:

IPEA/__EPO

PCT

CHAPTER II

DEMAND

under Article 31 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty:

The undersigned requests that the international application specified below be the subject of international preliminary examination according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty and hereby elects all eligible States (except where otherwise indicated).

For	International Preliminary	Examining Authority	y use only				
Identification of IPEA		Date of receipt of DEMAND					
Box No. I DENTIFICATION OF T	HE INTERNATIONAL	APPLICATION	Applicant's or agent's file reference 133227/ØS/BF				
International application No. PCT/NO99/00160	International filogopate 20 May 1999		(Earliest) Brights (1988) (day/month/year) 25 May 1998				
Title of invention METHOD RELATED T	O CLOCK DELA	Y COMPENSA	ATION				
Box No. II APPLICANT(S)							
Name and address: (Family name followed by The address must include p	given name; for a legal entity, postal code and name of country	full official designation. v.)	Telephone No.: +46 8 719 00 00				
Telefonaktiebolaget LN			Facsimile No.: +46 8 719 30 91				
S-126 25 STOCKHOL	M, Sweden		Teleprinter No.:				
State (that is, country) of nationality:		State (that is, country) of residence:					
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) SCHUMANN-OLSEN, Reidar Nøtteknekkeren 14 N-3400 LIER, Norway							
State (that is, country) of nationality:		State (that in pour	ntry) of residence:				
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)							
State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence:							
Further applicants are indicated of	on a continuation sheet.						

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Sheet No. ...

International application No.

PCT/NO99/00160

Box No. III AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE						
The following person is agent common representative						
and has been appointed earlier and represents the applicant(s) also for international preliminary examination.						
is hereby appointed and any earlier appointment of (an) agent(s)/common representative is hereby revoked.						
is hereby appointed, specifically for the procedure before the International Preliminary Examining Authority, in addition to the agent(s)/common representative appointed earlier.						
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)	+47 22 44 38 67					
Oslo Patentkontor AS	Facsimile No.:					
P.O. Box 7007 M						
N-0306 Oslo, Norway	+47 22 55 30 88					
	Teleprinter No.:					
Address for correspondence: Mark this check-box where no agent or common respace above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence	representative is/has been appointed and the e should be sent.					
BOX NO. IV BASIS FOR INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION						
Statement concerning amendments:*						
1. The applicant wishes the international preliminary examination to start on the basis of	f:					
the international application as originally filed						
the description as originally filed						
as amended under Article 34						
the claims as originally filed						
as amended under Article 19 (together with any accompanying statement)						
as amended under Article 34						
the drawings as originally filed						
the drawings as originally filed as amended under Article 34						
2. The applicant wishes any amendment to the claims under Article 19 to be considered.						
3. The applicant wishes the start of the international preliminary examination to be from the priority date unless the International Preliminary Examining Authority	y receives a copy of any amendments made					
under Article 19 or a notice from the applicant that he does not wish to make such hox may be marked only where the time limit under Article 19 has not yet expir	ed.)					
* Where no check-box is marked, international preliminary examination will start on the basis of the international application as originally filed or, where a copy of amendments to the claims under Article 19 and/or amendments of the international application under Article 34 are received by the International Preliminary Examining Authority before it has begun to draw up a written opinion or the international preliminary examination report, as so amended.						
Language for the purposes of international preliminary examination:						
which is the language in which the international application was filed.						
which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search.						
which is the language of publication of the international application.						
which is the language of the translation (to be) furnished for the purposes	of international preliminary examination.					
Box No. V ELECTION OF STATES						
The applicant hereby elects all eligible States (that is, all States which have been design the PCT)	gnated and which are bound by Chapter II of					
excluding the following States which the applicant wishes not to elect:						

Sheet	No.				
		•	•	•	

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3

International application No. PCT/NO99/00160

Box No. VI CHECK LIST						
The demand is accompanied by the following elements, in the language referred to in Box No. IV, for the purposes of international preliminary examination: For International Preliminary Examining Authority use only received not received						
1. translation of international application	:	sheets				
2. amendments under Article 34	:	sheets				
 copy (or, where required, translation) of amendments under Article 19 	:	sheets				
 copy (or, where required, translation) of statement under Article 19 	:	sheets				
5. letter	:	sheets				
6. other (specify)	:	sheets				
The demand is also accompanied by the item(s) mark	ked below:					
1. fee calculation sheet	4.	statement ex	xplaining lack of signa	ture		
2. separate signed power of attorney	5.		and or amino acid seque adable form	ence listing in		
3. copy of general power of attorney; reference number, if any:	6.	other (spec				
Box No. VII SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, A	GENT OR COMMON	REPRESE	NTATIVE			
Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the demand).						
Oslo Patentkontor AS P.O. Box 7007 M N-0306 Oslo, Norway						
For Internation	nal Preliminary Examinin	g Authority	use only			
1. Date of actual receipt of DEMAND:						
Adjusted date of receipt of demand due to CORRECTIONS under Rule 60.1(b):						
The date of receipt of the demand is AFTER the expiration of 19 months from the priority date and item 4 or 5, below, does not apply. The applicant has been informed accordingly.						
4. The date of receipt of the demand is Rule 80.5.	WITHIN the period of 1	9 months fr	om the priority date a	s extended by virtue of		
5. Although the date of receipt of the demand is after the expiration of 19 months from the priority date, the delay in arrival is EXCUSED pursuant to Rule 82.						
	For International Bureau	use only				
Demand received from IPEA on:						



From the:
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: OSLO PATENTKONTOR AS	95	Nr.	PCT
Postboks 7007 M N-0306 Oslo NORVEGE	2 0 MARS 2	000	WRITTEN OPINION
•	Går til:	·	(PCT Rule 66)
		Date of mailing (day/month/year)	1 6. 03. 00
Applicant's or agent's file reference JGS/BF/133227		REPLY DUE	within 3 month(s) from the above date of mailing
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/NO99/00160	20/05/1999		25/05/1998
International Patent Classification (IPC)	or both national classification ar	ndÎIPC	

H04L7/033			

- 1. This written opinion is the first drawn up by this International Preliminary Examining Authority.
- 2. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items:
 - Basis of the opinion
 - II ☐ Priority
 - ☐ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
 - IV Lack of unity of invention
 - V Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

 - VIII

 Certain observations on the international application
- 3. The applicant is hereby invited to reply to this opinion.
 - When?

See the time limit indicated above. The applicant may, before the expiration of that time limit, request this Authority to grant an extension, see Rule 66.2(d).

How?

By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3.

For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9.

Also:

For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4.

For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis.

For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6.

If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion.

 The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 25/09/2000.

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:



European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d

Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

Authorized officer / Examiner

Grimaldo, M

Formalities officer (incl. extension of time limits)

Ahrens, R

Telephone No. +49 89 2399 8136



WRITTEN OPINION

I.	Basis of the opinion						
1.	This opinion has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally filed".): Description, pages:						
	1-5	as originally filed					
	Claims, No.:						
_	1-3	as originally filed					
	Drawings, sheets:						
	1/2-2/2	as originally filed					
2.	The amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:					
	☐ the description,	pages:					
	☐ the claims,	Nos.:					
	☐ the drawings,	sheets:					
3.		established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been and the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):					
4.	Additional observations, if necessary:						

- V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Claims

1-3

Inventive step (IS)

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

WRITTEN OPINION

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Cited documents

The following documents are mentioned in the search report; the numbering will be adhered to in the rest of the procedure:

D1: US 5115455 A

D2: US 5566215 A

D3: US 5568526 A

D4: EP 0603600 A2

D5: EP 0602898 A1

D6: US 5245637 A

D7: US 4916717 A

- V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- Because of the vague, broad and unclear formulation (see also section VIII, paragraph 1) of independent claim 1 its disclosure can be read into document D1.

Document D1, indeed, discloses a method for a clock delay compensation for a data communication equipment (destination subsystem), modems and other types of data transmission equipment (source subsystem), the data signals having an arbitrarily delay through the cable (column 2, lines 13-20), and the DCE comprising a detecting clock characterised by using the transition on the transmitted data as a reference for adjusting a counter which controls the data sampling, for thereby ensuring that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol (column 2, lines 38-48).

It is therefore considered that the subject-matter of independent claim 1 is already known from document D1 and the subject-matter of claim 1 lacks novelty in the sense of Article 33(1) and 33(2) PCT.

1b. Without going into details, it appears, furthermore, that the subject-matter of claim

WRITTEN OPINION SEPARATE SHEET

1 is not new in respect of the disclosure of documents D2 or D3 (Article 33(1) and (2) PCT) see in particular abstract and column 2, lines 24-40 for document D2 and column 2, line 65 - column 3, line 4, abstract, column 4, lines 56-65 and column 6, lines 13-16 for document D3.

- 1c. It should be noted that even if the Applicant were to interpret claim 1 in such a manner as to enable him to allege that its subject-matter were novel, based on minor differences between the features of this claim and those disclosed in documents D1-D3, the subject-matter-of claim 1 would still not involve an inventive step, Article 33(1) and 33(3) of the PCT, having regard to the disclosure of D1-D3.
- 2. Dependent claims 2 and 3 do not seem to contain any features which, in combination with the features of any of the claims on which they are dependent, would lead to a claim involving novelty (Article 33(2) of the PCT).

The subject-matter of claim 2 is indeed derivable from document D2 on column 1, line 66, column 3, line 5 and the subject-matter of claim 3 is derivable from document D3 on column 2, lines 31-38.

3. It is not at present apparent which part of the application could serve as basis for a new, claim which would satisfy the criteria set fort Article 33(1) PCT. Should the Applicant nevertheless regard some particular matter as patentable an independent claim including such particular matter should be filled, taking account of Rule 6.3(b) PCT. The Applicant should also indicate in the letter of reply the difference vis-à-vis the state of the art and the inventive significance thereof.

VII. Certain defects in the international application

1. To meet the requirements of Rule 6.3(b) PCT, the independent claims should be properly cast in the two-part form, with those features which in combination are

part of the prior art (see documents D1 or D2 or D3), being placed in the preamble.

- To meet the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, documents D1 and D2 should be 2. identified in the description and the relevant background art disclosed therein should be briefly discussed.
- -3. Reference signs in parentheses should be inserted in the claims to increase their intelligibility, Rule 6.2(b) PCT. This applies to both the preamble and characterising portion.
- In order to fulfil the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(iii) PCT, the description should be 4. brought into conformity with the new claims.
- The Applicant is requested to file amendments by way of replacement pages. He 5. should also take into account the requirements of Rule 66.8 PCT. In particular, fair copies of the amendments should preferably be filed in triplicate.
- The attention of the Applicant is however drawn to the fact that the application 6. may not be amended in such a way that it contains subject-matter which extends beyond the content of the application as filed, Article 34(2)(b) PCT. In order to facilitate the examination of the conformity of the amended application with the requirements of Article 34(2)(b) PCT, the Applicant is requested to clearly identify the amendments carried out, irrespective of whether they concern amendments by addition, replacement or deletion, and to indicate the passages of the application as filed on which these amendments are based. If the Applicant regards it as appropriate these indications could be submitted in handwritten form on a copy of the relevant parts of the application as filed.

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

- Claim 1 does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT in that the matter for 1. which protection is sought is not clearly defined. The claim attempts to define the subject-matter in terms of the result to be achieved which merely amounts to a statement of the underlying problem. The technical features necessary for achieving this result should be added.
- The relative terms "especially related..." used in claim 1 has no well-recognised 2. meaning and leaves the reader in doubt as to the meaning of the technical features to which it refers, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claim unclear (Article 6 PCT).
- The terms "cable in question..." used in claim 1 leaves the reader in doubt as to 3. the meaning of the technical features to which it refers, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claim unclear (Article 6 PCT).
- The use of brackets around expressions that do not include reference signs give 4. rise to a lack of clarity because it is unclear whether the expressions in brackets limit the features to which they refer (Article 6 PCT, Guidelines, section IV, III-4.11).

As a consequence expressions like "(T-circuit on X.21)" or "(resetting)" or "(data cell)" in claim 1, "(S-circuit)" in claim 2, and "(S-clock)" in claim 3, should be amended.



09/700970 532 Red d PCT/PTO 20 NOV 2000

OSLO PATENTKONTOR AS

European Patent Office IPEA D-80298 Munich Tyskland

Attn: Mr. M. Grimaldo

LORENTZ SELMER*
FREDRIK WILH. MEYN*
PER A. MARTINSEN*
TROND GUSTAD*
HENRIK JUEL PETTERSEN*
TONE TANGEVALD-JENSEN*
CLAUS CHR. SCHMIDT
ANNE NÆVESTAD
ØYVIND SMEDSENG
RITA SANDNES

* Members of the Association of Norwegian Patent Agents



Your ref:

Our ref:

Oslo,

-/

 $\frac{1}{2}$

EC/hmm/133227

20. June 2000

Re: INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO. PCT/NO99/00160 TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON

Reference is made to the Written Opinion of 16.03.00 for International application No. PCT/NO99/00160 received 20.03.00. This reply exceeds the time limit as previously informed in the telefax sent to you on 16.06.00, and in the telephone call with Miss Ahrens.

Enclosed is an amended sheet including amended claims and some other changes in the application. The amendments are:

- Elements from the documents in the search report of the written opinion is being placed in the preamble of claim 1
- Reference numerals are added to the claims and the corresponding figures
- Claim 1 is brought into a clearer formulation
- Former claim 2 is included in claim 1
- Some terms and expressions pointed out in the written opinion are removed or replaced
- Documents D1 and D2 are identified in the background art
- The description is brought into conformity with the amended claims

In collaboration with the inventor, we have developed the following counter-arguments regarding the novelty of the invention relative to the cited documents in the Written Opinion:

D1: US 5.115.455

The summary of the invention in D1 states: "...data transmitted in a synchronous system from a source subsystem remains stable at the input of a state device in the destination subsystem long enough to meet the setup and hold time of the requirements of the state device even if the clock skew plus the propagation delays which exceeds the clock cycle time of the subsystems." This is obtained by forwarding the clock through a delay device which shifts the clock



one half clock cycle. This invention describes a co-directional interface with the clock and data in the same direction (DCE-DTE). In modern interface, this is equivalent to the use of clock 114 in X.21 interface for detection of data on circuit 104 in X.21 interface. For this detection, the cable delay creates no problem since delay of both signals are the same. In other words, the invention described in D1 is of no interest. The invention in PCT/NO99/00160 describes the problem and solution of data detection in a contra-directional interface (lookback timing), where the data from DTE (103/T in X.21 interface) is transmitted with the DCE clock (114/S in X.21 interface) delivered through the cable delay from DCE. The application is a general solution to the 103/T detection problem in the DCE and the solution can compensate for any delay.

D2: US 5.566.215

This patent describes a method for the restoring of a clock signal from a coded signal sent on a transmission channel. As to our experience, this describes a known technology far from the idea of the invention in PCT/NO99/00160. PCT/NO99/00160 describes a solution on a signal detection where there is a known clock signal (114/S in X.21 interface) which is used as a basis for the detection of an incoming synchronous data signal (103/T in X.21 interface) causing an unknown delay related to the clock. A variable phase clock synchronized to the clock 114/S in X.21 interface is used for data detection. The phase reference is the transition of the NRZ data 103/T in X.21 interface. This method, unlike the one in D2, is not limited to a number of bits, but can handle any delay.

D3: US 5.568.526

This invention also describes a solution on a co-directional problem, a databus and clock distributed in an apparatus bus system. Summary of invention column 2 line 35-40: "A controller formats data into packets for byte parallel, bit serial, transmission along with headers specifically coded to provide unique data patterns that allow for correction of skew up to three bit cells in addition to initial phase adjustment." This method can not be used to solve the DCE/DTE delay problem described in PCT/NO99/00160. Also, it suffers with delay handling limitations (three bits).

For the documents D4-D7, the same comments as given to D1-D3 are valid.

Yours very truly,

Espen Christensen

Encl: Amended specification, claims and figures

2/15TS

METHOD RELATED TO CLOCK DELAY COMPENSATION

Field of the invention

The present invention concerns a method related to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE).

The present invention also relates to data transmission interfaces.

More particularly, the present invention relates to a method as stated in the preamble of the enclosed patent claim 1.

Background of the invention

THE PROBLEM AREA

For connection and data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE) there are standardised several interfaces. These interfaces define data and clocking as well as control lines. Typical interfaces mentioned are RS232 (V.24), V.35, V.36 and X.21. The electrical interfaces for the interface are defined in V.10, V.11 and V.28.

Basically, these interfaces were defined according to ITU rec. X21 which limits the bitrate to 64 kbit/s.

With use of the electrical interfaces V.11 ranges of several hundreds of meters of cable can be used. The interface for clock and X.21 define this electrical interface for clock and date.

In connection with the use of this interface for bitrates higher than 64 kbit/s, by now up to 2 Mbit/s one problem

has arised, caused by the pulse delay on a long cable becoming comparable with the period of the clock.

In the case of a codirectional interface, that is clock and data have the same source, the delay is not a problem, but in the case where a contradirectional interface is used, like the X.21 interface or use of DCE-clock (114) on V.35/V.36, there will be a problem of detecting the data signal with the DCE-clock. This because the data signals have an arbitrarily unknown delay through the cable.

KNOWN SOLUTION

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To overcome this problem, the DCEs are equipped with a manual option of changing the phase of the detecting clock, thus avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions. An extra not standardised X-circuit on the X.21 interface is also used.

PROBLEMS WITH KNOWN SOLUTIONS

Problems with known solutions are that the cable delay is unknown and the manual selection of inverted or not in
verted clock is done on the respective site installation by trial. The X-circuit is not standardised and is by customers not recommended.

Further prior art

US 5 568 526 (Ferraiolo et al.) relates to a self-timed

interface (STI) in which a clock signal clocks bit serial
data onto a parallel, electrically conductive bus and the
clock signal is transmitted on a separate line of the
bus. The received data on each line of the bus is individually phase aligned with the clock signal. The received clock signal is used to define boundary edges of a
data bit cell individually for each line, and the data on

each line of the bus is individually phase adjusted so that, for example, a data transition position is in the centre of the cell. Data are read into a buffer storage with the received clock and are read out with an internal clock in the interface.

EP 0 602 898-A1 (Kawada/Fujitsu Limited) relates to a method and apparatus for synchronising transmission of modem. The phase difference between internal and external data/clock signals are equalised, by controlling the internal timing signal so that the measured phase difference will approach a reference phase difference.

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EP 0 603 600-A3 (Klimek et al./Siemens Rolm Communications Inc.) relates to path delay compensation in an open-loop system, the signal paths being compensated by internal clocks in the units of the system. The compensation is based on a synchronising signal.

US 4 916 717 (Sackman, III et al.) relates to clock synchronisation of a master clock following data messages received from a remote data transmitter having the same clock frequency, but which is phase shifted due to delays in the signal paths.

Further publications related to this technical field are NO patent applications 924247 (Coquerel/Institut Français du Pétrole), 942171 (Hedberg/Ericsson), 961421 (Buhrgard/Ericsson) and 961454 (Buhrgard/Ericsson).

US 5 115 455 describes a method for stabilized data transmission. This invention only solves delay problems with clock and data signals in the same direction (DCE-DTE). It is not a general solution on the 103/T (X.21 terminology) detection problem which includes detection in a contra-directional interface.

US 5 566 215 describes a method for restoring a clock signal by punctuating the transmission of the received signals. This is a known technology in signal detection. It depends on analysing a number of samples before resynchronizing, and is therefore said not to be instantaneous.

Objects of the invention

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A main object of the present invention is to suggest a solution which automatically compensates for the cable delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.

Another object of the present invention is to present a method wherein existing equipment is utilised in a far more expedite manner.

15 Still another object of the present invention is to provide a method by which time delay compensation is independent of the length of the transmission cable.

Brief summary of the invention

The above objects are achieved by a method as stated in the preamble, which according to the present invention is characterised by the features as stated in the characterising clause of the enclosed patent claim 1.

More specifically the present invention suggests to use the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

Further features and advantages of the present invention will appear from the following detailed description of embodiments, taken in conjunction with the enclosed drawings, as well as from the appending patent claims.

As for the feature characteristics of the invention, reference is made to the claims.

Disclosure of the drawings

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Fig. 1 is a schematical diagram illustrated an example of a data transmission with related interfaces, wherein an embodiment of the present invention can be implemented.

Fig. 2 illustrates time diagrams related to transmitted data, signal element timing and received data, all in accordance with an appropriate embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed description of embodiments

With reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 there will now in the following be described an example of how the method according to the present invention may be implemented.

As stated previously, the invention relates to a method which automatically compensates for the cable delay and makes sure that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol.

The method uses the transition on the transmitted data (T-circuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling.

The transmit data on the DCE-interface is delivered from the DTE with reference to the S-circuit (signal element timing) but with the mentioned cable delay. By clocking the data of the T-circuit into a buffer with the variable phase clock and clocking out with reference to the S-clock, error free operation is secured independent of delay.

ADVANTAGES

The described invention makes it possible to use the X.21 interface for high bit-rates on long cables. Installation work and operational uncertainties are eliminated and standard X.21 can be used.

BROADENING

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The principle can be used for any synchronous interface with contra-directional timing.

Patent claims (amended 20.06.00)

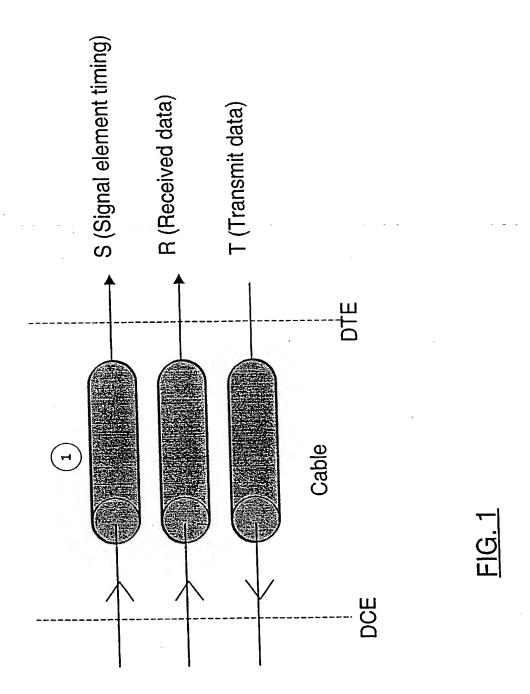
- Method for compensating a cable delay in transmitted data signals (5) which are sent through a cable (1) connecting data communication equipment (DCE) to data transmission equipment (DTE), the DCE including a counter which controls the data samling at the DCE with a signal element clock, a variable phase clock and a buffer, characterized i n that the transmitted data signals (4) are delivered from the DTE with reference to 10 the signal element clock signals including cable delay (3), and that the transitions (7) in the transmitted signal (5) on the DCE from the DTE, also including the cable delay, is used as a reference for resetting said counter for thereby ensuring that data always is sampled in the 15 middle of the symbols of the transmitted signals (5) at the DCE.
- Method as defined in claim 1,
 c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the transmitted signals (4) in the DTE are clocked into said buffer with said variable phase clock, and are clocked out with reference to said signal element clock signals including cable delay (3).

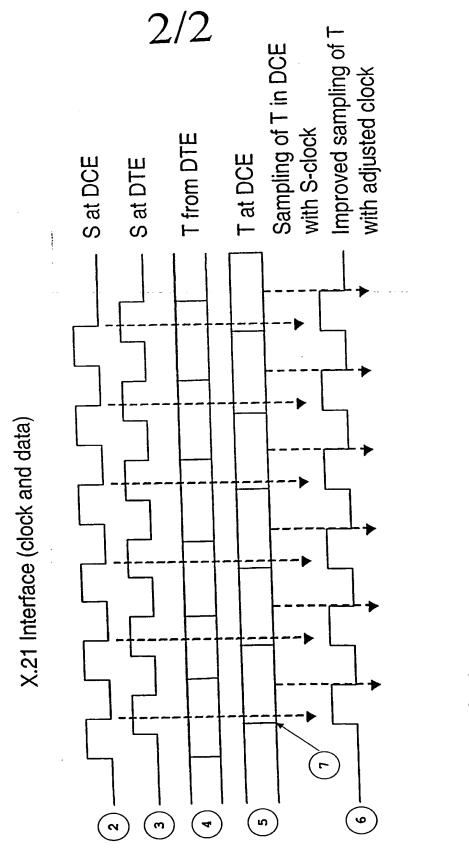
Abstract

The present invention concerns a method relates to clock delay compensation, especially related to connection of data communication equipment (DCE) to modems and other types of data transmission equipment (DTE), the data signals having an arbitrarily delay through the cable in question, and the DCE comprising a detecting clock, and for the purpose of avoiding sampling of data close to the transitions, this problem is overcome by using the transition on the transmitted data (T-curcuit on X.21) as a reference for adjusting (resetting) a counter which controls the data sampling, for thereby ensuring that data is always clocked in the middle of the symbol (data cell).

15 Fig. 2

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FIG.

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International application No. PCT/NO99/00160	Applicant's or agent's file reference JGS/BF/133227		
International filing date (day/month/year) 20 May 1999 (20.05.99)	Priority date (day/month/year) 25 May 1998 (25.05.98)		
Applicant SCHUMANN-OLSEN, Reidar			
The designated Office is hereby notified of its election mad	e:		
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